



Cold weather aches follow exposure. Soothe and relieve them with Sloan's Liniment, easy to apply, it quickly penetrates without rubbing. Cleaner than musky plasters or ointments. Does not stain the skin.

For rheumatic pains, neuralgia, gout, lumbago, sprains, strains, bruises and stiff sore muscles, have Sloan's Liniment handy.

At all druggists, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment
KILLS PAIN

MARRIAGES

May-Mabry

A marriage license was issued Monday evening to Harry C. May, of Earlington, and Miss Bertha Mabry, of this county. The wedding was scheduled for Tuesday, near Pembroke.

Lynching In Arkansas.

Proctor Ark., Feb. 4.—The body of Sandy Strauther, alias James Smith, negro, was cut down from a telegraph pole west of town following his lynching by a posse of citizens which had been pursuing him since Monday, when he shot and killed Special Deputy Fred Hicks. Strauther was said to have been near death at the time of his capture from a bullet wound in his abdomen, inflicted by Hicks after he fell to the ground mortally wounded.

From Feb. 1 to Feb. 13 the Germans sank 89 ships.

"Regardless of Submarine Warfare"

We will continue to run at full speed. While other nations are planning some method of putting these little terrors of the briny sea out of business, we, with a large force of skilled workmen are working day and night to supply our happy farmer friends in every nook and corner of the United States with the MOGUL.

WARNING!

Mr. Farmer wagon prices are going to advance. We know. Get your MOGUL now.

FORBES
Mfg. Co.

Incorporated.
Phone 509 For Prices.

ALLIGATOR IS LATEST FAD

New York Society Women Wear Hideous Little Reptiles Like They Once Wore the Chameleon.

Geraldine Farrar's cousin, Miss Amparito Farrar, started it—the wearing of alligators.

And now a whole lot of New York women have taken up the fad, the Boston Post states.

When a certain New York society woman came down Fifth avenue, leading a pet pig, everybody thought the absolute ultimate had been reached.

But not so. Now the fair women of Gotham are wearing the alligators. Yes, sir, real, live crocodiles with ringed bodies and horned tails.

They're regular man-eating alligators, of course—and a footrule would overlap them by at least three inches; but alongside the chameleon of old they put up a real terrifying appearance, although they can't change color as did those pets of a few years ago. The most fashionable variety is the species that is ringed with gold stripes from the end of his snout to the tip of his scaly tail. The women insist that they are real pretty and most satisfactory pets. They don't make any noise and none of them has as yet evinced a disposition to make a meal off an ear or a finger.

The gators made their first appearance at a hotel function and immediately caught on.

NEW USE FOR ELECTRICITY

German Scientist Employs High Current in the Rapid Production of Mirrors.

A rapid and admirable method for depositing suitable metals on the surface of glass so as to produce mirrors, consists of decomposing the metal by means of a high-potential electric current. It is thus described in the *Physikalische Zeitschrift* by G. Rumelin.

A metal plate is placed in juxtaposition with the glass plate which is to receive the coating. The two plates are then placed flat on a table beneath the receiver of an air-pump suitable for producing a high degree of vacuum.

A small quantity of an inert gas, such as hydrogen, is introduced into the vacuum and a high-potential current is then turned on by means of the negative pole of a suitable source of electricity, this pole being attached to the metal plate. Thirty seconds duration of this cathodic glow is sufficient to obtain a properly silvered mirror.

Besides silver the metals gold, copper, platinum, nickel, iron, palladium and iridium may be employed.

EUROPE YIELDING TO ORIENT.

Europe's production of the class of merchandise generally referred to as "luxuries" is steadily declining. Customs officials charged with the examination of fine arts goods and luxuries have declared that the stress of conflict in Europe was becoming such that, unless the war ends shortly, still lower levels of imports in these classes may be expected.

The local customhouse reports, according to the New York Times, indicate that, while Europe is losing its primary position here as an importer of luxuries, the far East merchants are taking advantage of Europe's misfortune to ship here unprecedented quantities of Oriental merchandise of all kinds, including objects of art, chinaware, silks, expensive window and door hangings and pearls. China, Japan and India are vying with each other in that trade.

JOY.

"What delayed you for your dinner? The baseball season is over."
"Sh! My wife doesn't know that as yet."

VERY MUCH SO.

"Are the Graftleys receiving this year?"
"You bet they are—all they can get."

CRITIC COUNTS FOR LITTLE.

A critic is a man who is never heard from until after it is too late to prevent mischief that has been done.

AND MORE SATISFACTORY.

The giving of alms without the singing of psalms is more religious than the singing of psalms without the giving of alms.

TO THE PUBLIC

The negotiations between the Commission government of Hopkinsville and the Kentucky Public Service Company which had been going on for some months, for a reduction of the electric light rates, without having to submit the question to the Federal Courts for determination, and which for the past ten days have continued daily in Hopkinsville, resulted in a compromise agreement for a new schedule of maximum rates to become effective Feb. 1st, 1917, and the same follows:

The first 25 Kwh. monthly used at 10c
The next 75 Kwh. monthly used at 8c
The next 100 Kwh. monthly used at 7c
The next 100 Kwh. monthly used at 6c
Excess of 300 Kwh. monthly at 3c
Minimum monthly charge 75c
Net, payable at the office of the Company on or before the 10th of the month following the service rendered.

The Company's old rates to the large consumers were reasonable and compared favorably with rates for like quantities in large cities; but to give these comparatively low rates to large consumers the Company exacted discriminatory higher rates from the smaller consumers. There being commonly in a community like this five small users to one large consumer, the Commission was desirous of securing a schedule of rates that would benefit the greatest number of the customers and also to establish such a schedule that the burden of the benefits to these larger number of smaller quantity users would not be shifted on to the large consumers. To formulate such a schedule was not simple, to say the least, but it is believed that the rates adopted will benefit all users; the smaller ones, considering that the monthly minimum charge is reduced from \$1.00 to 75 cents and that during the year a very large number of the smaller users do not consume a quantity of electricity to an amount to even \$1.00 per month, will benefit on the whole fully 20 per cent. while the larger users—and whose rates as stated, were already reasonable, will not have to pay higher rates, and on a full year's consumption should show quite a reduction as compared to the old rates. Because the schedule adopted specifies the highest rates that the Company may charge, the Company can voluntarily make lesser rates than the schedule specifies—so long as it does not discriminate that is to say, it must give the same rate to all for like service.

The Company's maximum rates for power purposes were found to be reasonable and remain unchanged. It was ascertained that the present gas rates, because of the comparatively small amount of business that the Company does, showed a loss to the Company on the investment in the gas company, hence a reduction could not in fairness to the Company, be expected or demanded.

At the reduced rates computed on the 1916 business of the Company, the saving to private consumers of electricity for lighting will amount to at least \$5,000 a year, with a corresponding increase in the saving as the Company's business increases. The saving to the city on its new rate for its buildings, parks, etc., will show a saving of approximately \$300 a year. The adjustment of the street lighting prices was deferred at the request of the Company, pending the decision of the property owners, merchants, bankers and others on Main and Ninth streets as to putting in a White Way, for which the agreement provides the very low rate of 3½ cents per Kwh. which requires the Company to furnish and maintain the lamps and globes and to maintain the fixtures when installed. Under this rate for the White Way, it is believed that a street lighting contract can be negotiated so that the total expense of the present street lighting and the lighting of the White Way, should the citizens decide to have one, and which would be made possible by their contributing the cost of the posts and the installation of the system, will not cost the city much, if any, more than it is now paying for the street lighting. While the city is now very well illuminated, the Commissioners believe that the increased number of lamps are needed especially in the outskirts and they hope a new contract for street lighting can be negotiated sufficiently favorable to provide the additional lamps without materially increasing the amount of the present street lighting appropriation.

While the Commissioners were advised by the City Attorney that Hopkinsville has the right to fix and regulate the rates of the Kentucky Public Service Co., to private users and was also advised that the rates prescribed by Ordinance No. 20 were just and reasonable and therefore fair to the Company, under the position taken by the Company, which was that the city did not have the right to fix and regulate its rates, it would have been necessary to litigate the question to sustain the terms of the Ordinance No. 29. Law suits generally are long drawn out and are expensive, even for the winner, and since the Company ultimately evinced a willingness to compromise the differences, it was deemed best because more certain and more economical for all concerned, to make an amicable settlement. Under the settlement the majority of the users of electricity for lighting are substantially benefited and harmonious relations between the city and its inhabitants and the Company are continued and the city is saved the expense and uncertainty of litigation, all of which will doubtless prove welcome news to the public.

R. T. STOWE,

Mayor City of Hopkinsville.

FRANK H. BASSETT,

Commissioner.

W. R. WICKS,

Commissioner.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Feb. 12, 1917.

GOOD SPEECHES

Made At the Farmers' Club at Van Cleave's School House Tuesday Night.

The Clarksville pike Farmers' Club held a most interesting meeting at Van Cleave's school house Tuesday night, which was well attended. A number of good speeches were made.

W. O. King spoke on "Tobacco" and R. H. Rives on "Corn," both discussions being very instructive.

Judge W. T. Fowler in a talk on "Good Roads" voiced the growing dissatisfaction with the present road construction in the county. The people of that vicinity are much aroused on this subject that is beginning to agitate the whole county.

Mrs. Eloise Graves spoke on "Home Economics," telling about her work in the canning and poultry clubs.

County Agent J. A. McKenzie also made a splendid talk on the federal farm loan law.

Two Little Fires.

A fire alarm was turned in from the Jennie Stuart Memorial Hospital Monday. A piece of woodwork near a chimney caught on fire, but the small blaze was easily controlled.

Tuesday morning a chimney burned out at the residence of Feland Clark and set the shingle roof on fire. It was put out without any considerable damage.

When you want fire, tornado, life or bond insurance in the Oldest Strongest Companies see H. D. WALLACE, office up stairs, over Anderson-Fowler Drug Store, Corner Ninth and Main. Office 395, reside. 944.

Ignacio Bonillas, one of Carranza's representatives on the Mexican-American joint commission, has been named Mexican ambassador to the United States.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

You May Talk to One Man

But an advertisement in this paper talks to the whole community.

Catch the Idea?

CAN WIPE OUT TUBERCULOSIS

Results of Efforts in the Past Show That Plague Is Both Preventable and Curable.

Dr. J. N. Hurty, secretary of the state board of health, recently made the statement that by means of various agencies for the rescue of victims of tuberculosis Indiana had saved 8,000 lives. That is about an average day's toll of dead on any of the great battle fronts of Europe. These lives were rescued, he it remembered, from doom fixed and inevitable except the saving means had been extended. If all these had died and the mortality lists had been published, the people of Indiana no doubt would have been much shocked and would have greatly perplexed themselves with the wonder that such things could be.

The white plague is ravaging all the time. There is no cessation of its deadly onslaught, no abatement of its grimness and horror, save it is checked and its marked victims taken from its grasp by the only recognized and tested means for pressing this work of mercy. It is worse than a pity—for it is a reproach to society, to government and to civilization—that hundreds are permitted annually to perish in this good state of Indiana when the sacrifice is not only needless and without profit, but is positively and ascertainably a tremendous material loss to the commonwealth.

Preventable on one hand and curable on the other hand, tuberculosis persists and slays its victims simply, solely and inevitably because it is permitted. More public enlightenment of the practicable means of prevention, more public interest and more public money in the agencies for cure of those stricken, and the ravages of the white plague will be steadily and rapidly narrowed and finally checkmated almost wholly. Is it worth while? Life saved is money saved—not to enter into question of the ethics of a wanton sacrifice of life.—Fort Wayne Journal-Gazette.

TIME TO ESCAPE



"Do you think peroxide and rouge will retain youth?"
"Not unless he happened to be a very foolish youth."

LIVES ON 20 CENTS A DAY.

Some young men at the University of Oregon are going through on a monthly income of \$12. Fred Coley, a freshman, is setting a record of \$6 a month. His menu consists principally of macaroni and rice, with vegetables.

Coley rents a small cottage, where he lives alone. He buys nothing that costs more than five cents a pound, with the single exception of butter. His present system of living is founded upon four years' experience at "bacheling."

GOOD COMEBACK.

The Lawyer—Take your case to somebody else. You are too thin-skinned.
The Client—Hardly pay to skin me, eh?

ALL WAS QUIET.

Agent—Is the boss of the house in?
Proud Father—Yes; he's asleep upstairs in his cradle.—Philadelphia Evening Ledger.

ONLY ONE.

"What are the three rules of success?"
"Three? There's only one."
"What is it?"
"Make good."—Detroit Free Press.

VERY LIKELY.

"That girl isn't as black as she's painted."
"Maybe so, but she's painted much redder than she is."

NOTED PIANO MUSICIAN

Will Give a Concert at Beth-el Woman's College Monday Night.

Thuel Burnham, a widely known pianist, will give a recital at the Beth-el Woman's College next Monday night. He has recently returned from Europe where he had spent 14 years, appearing in all of the big capitals. He is now making a tour of America and President Peterson has been so fortunate as to make this date with him.

College Chapel. Admission 50 and 25 cents.

FRIENDLY SUIT

To Decide The Legality of Conflicting Sales of Bank Stock.

Mrs. Louise Jones Peterson has brought suit against W. T. Tandy and T. B. Fairleigh to recover the proceeds of 100 shares of City Bank & Trust Co., stock that Mr. Tandy sold to Mr. Fairleigh under authority given him by Mrs. Peterson. Mr. Tandy was formerly her guardian and was, as he thought, authorized by her to make the sale, and as her agent sold a part of her bank stock. Mrs. Peterson without knowing this sold the stock to some one else whose name does not appear and both purchasers are claiming the stock, which sold for \$300 a share. The suit is a friendly one to settle the legality of the two transactions and let the court decide which purchaser is entitled to the stock.

SOUTHERN MINERAL CO.

Articles of Corporation Filed—Capital Stock \$10,000.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday afternoon for The Southern Mineral Co. to engage in mining fluor spar and other minerals in Crittenden county or elsewhere in Kentucky. The incorporators are E. V. Rawn, Rodman Meacham and Chas. M. Meacham and the authorized capital stock is \$10,000. The company will begin operations at once.

Wants A Blonde Wife.

Muskogee, Okla., Feb. 14.—The Rev. T. W. Eastham, of Beggs, Okla., who lives on a farm near Beggs and preaches to four different churches on his circuit, has advertised for a wife, after being a widower three years.

"I prefer a blond," the advertisement says, "but don't particularly care about her size and build, except that she must not be too small or too large. I want her to be about my own age, or younger, but she can have any color of eyes."

LOST—Tuesday night, probably on Virginia street, a lady's silver mesh purse, containing \$2.25 in silver, two rings, one a B. F. C. class ring, and some other articles. Notify this office.

Weds in Canada.

Miss Cornelia Hooser, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Hooser, who went to Detroit last fall, was married Feb. 10 to Mr. Chas. H. Smith, of Brooklyn, N. Y. They were married at Windsor, Canada and will reside in Detroit.

Lost Their Little Daughter.

The three year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Keeling died Tuesday night at their home on West 13th street. Interment at Pembroke this morning.

Will Try Again.

An election will be held in Caldwell county the middle of March to vote on a 225,000 bond issue for improved roads. A petition was filed with the county judge last week.

Ingenious Calculator.

A calculator that shows the money values of one country in the terms of several others and applies the values to various weights and measures has been invented by an Englishman.

At the recent annual meeting of the American Cornish Club which was held at Boston, Mass., Mr. T. D. Moore, of Hopkinsville, was elected to the office of second vice-president.